NEBRASKA Good Life. Great Service.

Underpayment of Estimated Tax for Corporations, S Corporations, and Partnerships • Read the instructions on the reverse side.

FORM 2220N 2025

Check the appropriate boxes:									
Adjusted Seasonal Installment Method	Annu	alized Income Installment I	Method	Large Corpora	ation				
Name on Tax Return							Nebraska ID Number		
Type of Nebraska Tax Return this Form is being filed w	ith							-	
1120N 1120-SN		65N							
		Part I — Calculate	the Underpayme	nt				7	
1 Nebraska corporate or pass-through entity tax	after n	onrefundable credits		. <u></u>	<u>.</u>	. 1			
2 Enter the total refundable credits				. 2				'	
3 Nebraska tax after refundable credits (line 1 m do not complete the rest of the form. No penal		,		. 3					
4 Enter 2024 corporate or pass-through entity in	-			. 3		_			
tax is zero or the tax year was for less than									
amount from line 3 on line 5				. 4					
								U	
5 Required annual payment. Enter the lesser of	line 3 o					. 5	(5)		
6 Enter in Columns (A) through (D) the		(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)		
installment due date (the 15th day of the 4th,								_	
6th, 9th, and 12th months of your tax year)	6								
7 Enter 25% of line 5 in Columns (A) through (D)	7				ļ				
	lines 8	through 15 for one co	 Dlumn before cor	npleting the	next column.			$ \mathcal{L}$	
Complete		in ough to for one of							
3 Amount paid or credited for each period	8				į		į		
9 Enter amount, if any, from line 15 of					i		i		
previous column	9				<u> </u>			_	
0 Add lines 8 and 9	10				i		i		
	10			+	1				
1 Add amounts on lines 13 and 14 of the previous column and enter result	11				i			N	
2 Line 10 minus line 11. If less than zero, enter -0-									
In Column (A) only, enter amount from line 8	. 12								
3 Remaining underpayment from previous period. If the amount on line 12 is zero,					i				
subtract line 10 from line 11 and enter the result; otherwise, enter -0	13						l I		
4 Underpayment. If line 12 is less than or equa					<u>l</u>			_	
to line 7, subtract line 12 from line 7 and enter the result. Then go to the next					I				
column; otherwise, go to line 15	14	l I			I				
5 Overpayment. If line 7 is less than line 12,		1							
subtract line 7 from line 12 and enter the	15								
result. Then go to the next column	15	Part II—Calcul	ate the Penalty						
		. art 11—Carcu	ato the Fellalty						
6 Amount of underpayment (line 13 plus line 14)	16	İ		i			i		
7 Date of payment or next due date (from									
line 6), whichever is earlier	17]	
8 Number of days from due date of installment	10								
to date shown on line 17	18	T					Τ	$-\Gamma$	
9 Underpayment penalty (see instructions	19	I I			1				
for applicable interest rates)									

Instructions

Who Must File. An Underpayment of Estimated Tax for Corporations, S Corporations, and Partnerships, Form 2220N, must be filed by the corporate taxpayer, S corporation, or partnership when line 3 is \$400 or greater. This applies to S Corporations and Partnerships that have elected to be subject to tax under Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 77-2727(6) or 77-2734.01(8) for the tax year.

A corporate taxpayer includes all entities taxed as corporations under the Internal Revenue Code, except S corporations and financial institutions defined in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-3801.

When and Where to File. This form must be attached to the <u>Nebraska Corporation Income Tax Return</u>, Form 1120N, Nebraska S Corporation Income Tax Return, Form 1120-SN, or Nebraska Partnership Return of Income, Form 1065N, and filed with that return.

Part I—Calculate the Underpayment

Check the appropriate boxes. Check one or more boxes if the corporation uses the adjusted seasonal installment method, the annualized income installment method, or if the corporation is a large corporation.

- Line 1. Enter the Nebraska tax after nonrefundable credits from line 23 of the 2025 Form 1120N or line 17 of the 2025 Form 1120-SN or 1065N.
- **Line 2.** Enter the total of the refundable credits.
- **Line 4.** The entry on this line allows corporations, S corporations, and partnerships to use the income tax reported on their prior year's return less the prior year's allowable credits to determine whether an underpayment exists. Corporations enter line 22 minus lines 23, 26, 28, and 29 from the 2024 Form 1120N. S corporations and partnerships enter line 16 minus lines 21, 23, 25, and 26 from the 2024 Form 1120-SN or Form 1065N. Do not include any PTET credits received for tax years 2018 through 2022. "Large corporations," except as noted, cannot use this calculation. The prior year's Nebraska return must cover a period of 12 months and show an income tax liability. If this calculation does not apply, enter the line 3 amount on line 5.

Large Corporation. A "large corporation" is a corporation (other than an S corporation) that had, or whose predecessor had, federal taxable income of at least \$1 million for any of the three taxable years immediately preceding the tax year involved. In applying the "\$1 million test," taxable income is computed without regard to net operating loss and capital loss carrybacks and carryovers.

A large corporation is prohibited from using its prior year's tax liability, except in determining the first installment of its tax year. Any reduction in a large corporation's first installment as a result of using the prior year's tax must be recaptured in the corporation's second installment.

Large corporations compute line 7 amounts by using the same procedures that result in the comparable entry on the Federal Form 2220.

Methods to Reduce or Avoid Penalty. A corporation, S corporation, or partnership may reduce or eliminate the penalty by using the annualized income or adjusted seasonal installment method. To use one or both of these methods to compute one or more required installments, recalculate (and attach) the Adjusted Seasonal Installment Method and Annualized Income Installment Method, Federal Schedule A, using Nebraska income and other Nebraska amounts. Also, check the appropriate boxes at the top of this form.

Enter the corresponding amount from the recalculated Federal Schedule A in each column of line 7 on this form.

Line 6. Paper filers enter the installment due dates in a MMDDYYYY format. For example, April 15, 2025 should be entered as 04152025.

Line 8. Enter the income tax payments made by the corporation, S corporation, or partnership and any credit for Nebraska income tax withheld from the corporation, S corporation, or partnership as indicated below. Do not include any PTET payments made for the 2018 through 2022 tax years.

In Column (A), enter the total of:

- 1. The entity's 2024 income tax overpayment that was credited to its 2025 estimated income tax payments;
- 2. Any estimated income tax payments for the 2025 tax year that were made by the date on line 6, Column (A); and
- 3. Any Nebraska income tax withheld from the entity by the date on line 6, Column (A).

In Columns (B), (C), and (D), enter the total of:

- 1. Any estimated income tax payments for the 2025 tax year that were made by the date on line 6 for that column and after the date on line 6 of the preceding column; and
- 2. Any Nebraska income tax withheld from the entity by the date on line 6 for that column and after the date on line 6 of the preceding column.

Line 14. Underpayment. When an underpayment is reported on this line, complete Part II, lines 16 through 20, to determine the penalty amount for each underpayment of an installment.

Line 15. Overpayment. Any overpayment of an installment on line 15 in excess of all prior underpayments should be applied as a credit on line 9 against the next installment.

Part II — Calculate the Penalty

Line 17. A payment of estimated income tax is applied against underpayments of required installments in the order that installments are required to be paid, regardless of the installment to which the payment pertains.

In determining the date of payment on line 17, use the date of the payment that was applied against the underpayment of income tax on line 16, the due date of the next payment (line 6 of the next column), or the original due date of the return, whichever is earliest. Paper filers enter the payment date or next due date in a MMDDYYYY format. For example, April 15, 2025 should be entered as 04152025.

Example. A corporation has an underpayment for the April 15 installment of \$1,000. The June 15 installment requires a payment of \$2,000. On June 15, the corporation deposits \$2,500 for its June 15 installment. However, \$1,000 of this payment is considered to be for the April 15 installment. The penalty for the April 15 installment is calculated on \$1,000 to June 15 (61 days). The remaining amount of the June 15 payment (\$1,500) must be applied to the June 15 installment.

Line 19. The penalty is calculated at eight percent per year for any days in 2025 and 2026. Multiply line 16 by the applicable interest rate for the number of days on line 18 divided by 365.

If the entity has made more than one payment for a required installment, make separate penalty calculations through the date of payment and for the remaining underpayment through the date it is paid, then add the results together and enter on line 19.